STUDY MATERIAL SCIENCE CLASS-VII

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When baking soda (NaHCO3) reacts with vinegar which contains acetic acid carbon dioxide comes out, which turns lime water milky, therefore it is a chemical change. In all these activities, we saw that in each change, one or more new substances are formed. When the magnesium ribbon was burnt, the ash was the new substance formed. The reaction of copper sulphate with iron produced two new substances, i.e. iron sulphate and copper. Vinegar and baking soda together produced carbon dioxide which turned lime water milky. So, all those changes in which one or more new substances formed, are called chemical changes. These are permanent changes which can usually not be reversed to form the original substance.

In addition to new products, the following may accompany a chemical change :

• Heat, light or any other radiation (e.g. ultraviolet) may be given off or absorbed.

• The sound may be produced.

• A change in smell may take place or a new smell may be given off.

• A colour change may take place.

• A gas may be formed.

• <u>ASSIGNMENT</u> :

1. Why does reaction of baking soda with vinegar is a chemical change? Mention the name & colour of the product comes out of the reaction.

2. Why does chemical change are called as permanent change?

3. Write some more products obtained in the chemical change